## CMSC 331: Principles of programming language

## Homework - 1

- 1. Derive the string using leftmost derivation and draw the parse tree for the following grammar.
  - i) String: aabbababba

Grammar:

 $S \rightarrow aB \mid bA$ 

 $A \rightarrow a \mid aS \mid bAA$ 

 $B \rightarrow b \mid bS \mid aBB$ 

ii)  $x = \sin(y) + \exp(z)$ 

Grammar:

 $S \rightarrow V = E \mid E$ 

 $V \rightarrow x \mid y \mid z$ 

 $E \rightarrow E + T \mid E - T \mid T$ 

 $T \rightarrow T * F | T / F | F$ 

 $F \rightarrow (E) \mid V \mid fun(V)$ 

fun  $\rightarrow$  sin | cos | exp

- 2. Demonstrate if the grammar is ambiguous or unambiguous. (Note: Both are different questions)
  - i) S  $\rightarrow$  aSa | bSb | a | b |  $\epsilon$  (Here ' $\epsilon$ ' represents empty string)

ii)  $S \rightarrow aB \mid ab$ 

 $A \rightarrow AB \mid a$ 

 $B \rightarrow Abb \mid b$ 

- 3. Determine which of the following words are accepted by the given simple regular expression. (Each question may have one or more correct answers)
  - i) (a+b)(a+b)a(a+b)\*
    - a) aabbabab
    - b) bababaab
    - c) abaabbab
    - d) bbaaabba

- ii) (a+b)\*b(a+b)(a+b)(a+b)
  - a) ababbbaaabb
  - b) babbabbbabb
  - c) abababbaaba
  - d) bbbababab
- 4. Construct the regular expression for the following language.

L = { 
$$a^mb^n$$
 | m+n is even }

5. Convert the following EBNF to BNF:

$$S \to A\{bA\}$$

$$\mathsf{A} \to \mathsf{a}[\mathsf{b}]\mathsf{A}$$