

Spaces

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Perspective

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# Viewing

CMSC 435/634

# Coordinate System / Space

- Origin + Axes
- Reference frame
- Convert by matrix
  - $\vec{p}_{table} = TableFromPencil \vec{p}_{pencil}$
  - $\vec{p}_{room} = RoomFromTable TableFromPencil \vec{p}_{pencil}$
  - $\vec{p}_{room} = RoomFromPencil \vec{p}_{pencil}$

# Spaces

- Object / Model
  - Logical coordinates for modeling
  - May have several more levels
- World
  - Common coordinates for everything
- View / Camera / Eye
  - eye/camera at  $(0,0,0)$ , looking down Z (or -Z) axis
  - planes: left, right, top, bottom, near/hither, far/yon
- Normalized Device Coordinates (NDC) / Clip
  - Visible portion of scene from  $(-1,-1,-1)$  to  $(1,1,1)$
  - Sometimes one or more components 0 to 1 instead of -1 to 1
- Raster / Pixel / Viewport
  - 0,0 to x-resolution, y-resolution
- Device / Screen
  - May translate to fit actual screen

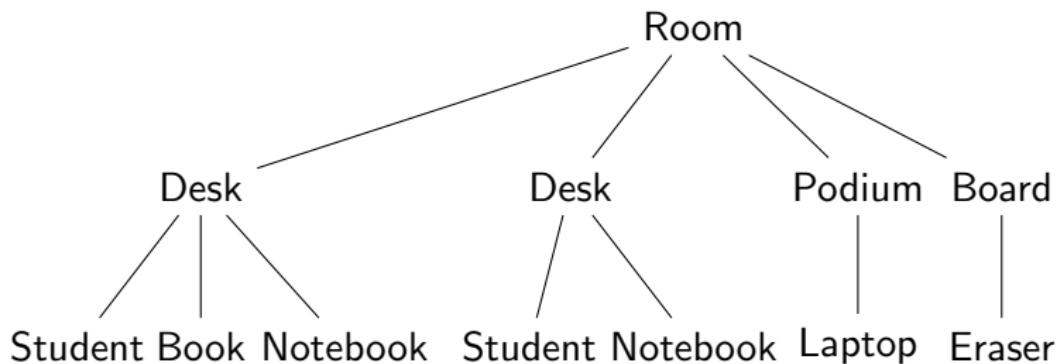
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Perspective

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# Nesting



## Matrix Stack

- Remember transformation, return to it later
- Push a copy, modify the copy, pop
- Keep matrix and update matrix and inverse
- Push and pop both matrix and inverse together

```
transform (WorldFromRoom );
push ;
transform (RoomFromDesk );
push ;
transform (DeskFromStudent );
pop; push ;
transform (DeskFromBook );
...
...
```

## Model→World / Model→View

- Model→World
  - All shading and rendering in World space
  - Transform all objects and lights
- Ray tracing implicitly does World→Raster
- Model→View
  - Serves just as well for single view

## World→View

- Also called Viewing or Camera transform
- LookAt
  - $\overrightarrow{from}, \overrightarrow{to}, \overrightarrow{up}$
  - $\begin{bmatrix} \vec{u} & \vec{v} & \vec{w} & | & \overrightarrow{from} \end{bmatrix}$
- Roll / Pitch / Yaw
  - Translate to camera center, rotate around camera
  - $R_z \ R_x \ R_y \ T$
  - Can have gimbal lock
- Orbit
  - Rotate around object center, translate out
  - $T \ R_z \ R_x \ R_y$
  - Also can have gimbal lock

## View→NDC

- Also called *Projection* transform
- Orthographic / Parallel
  - Translate & Scale to view volume
  - $$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{2}{r-l} & 0 & 0 & -\frac{r+l}{r-l} \\ 0 & \frac{2}{t-b} & 0 & -\frac{t+b}{t-b} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{2}{n-f} & -\frac{n+f}{n-f} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
- Perspective
  - More complicated...

## NDC→Raster

- Also called *Viewport* transform
- $[-1, 1], [-1, 1], [-1, 1] \rightarrow [-\frac{1}{2}, n_x - \frac{1}{2}], [-\frac{1}{2}, n_y - \frac{1}{2}], [-\frac{1}{2}, n_z - \frac{1}{2}]$ 
  - Translate to  $[0, 2], [0, 2], [0, 2]$
  - Scale to  $[0, n_x], [0, n_y], [0, n_z]$
  - Translate to  $[-\frac{1}{2}, n_x - \frac{1}{2}], [-\frac{1}{2}, n_y - \frac{1}{2}], [-\frac{1}{2}, n_z - \frac{1}{2}]$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{n_x}{2} & 0 & 0 & \frac{n_x-1}{2} \\ 0 & \frac{n_y}{2} & 0 & \frac{n_y-1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{n_z}{2} & \frac{n_z-1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Spaces

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Perspective

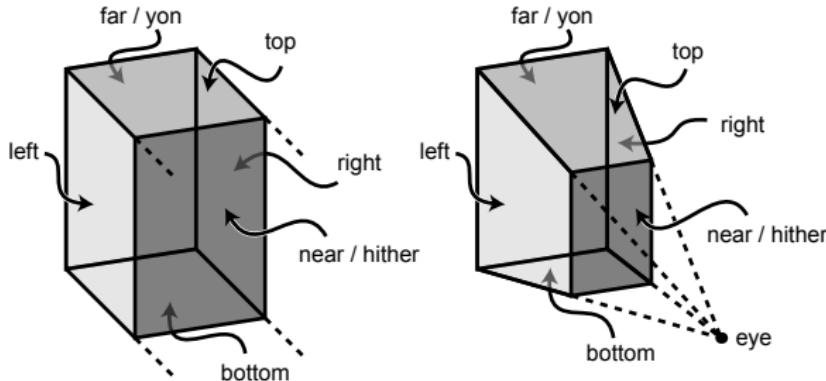
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## Raster→Screen

- Usually just a translation
  - More complicated for tiled displays, domes, etc.
- Usually handled by windowing system

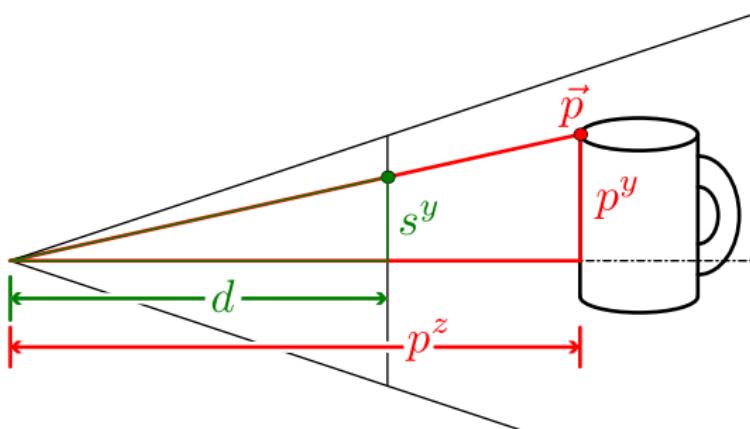
## Perspective View Frustum

- Orthographic view volume is a rectangular volume
- Perspective is a truncated pyramid or *frustum*



# Perspective Transform

- Ray tracing
  - Given screen  $(s_x, s_y)$ , parameterize all points  $\vec{p}$
- Perspective Transform
  - Given  $\vec{p}$ , find  $(s_x, s_y)$
  - Use similar triangles
  - $s_y/d = p_y/p_z$  So  $s_y = dp_y/p_z$



# Homogeneous Equations

- Same total degree for every term
- Introduce a new redundant variable
- $aX + bY + c = 0$ 
  - $X = x/w, Y = y/w$
  - $ax/w + by/w + c = 0$
  - $\rightarrow ax + by + cw = 0$
- $aX^2 + bXY + cY^2 + dX + eY + f = 0$ 
  - $X = x/w, Y = y/w$
  - $ax^2/w^2 + bxy/w^2 + cy^2/w^2 + dx/w + ey/w + f = 0$
  - $\rightarrow ax^2 + bxy + cy^2 + dxw + eyw + fw^2 = 0$

## Homogeneous Coordinates

- Rather than  $(x, y, z, 1)$ , use  $(x, y, z, w)$
- Real 3D point is  $(X, Y, Z) = (x/w, y/w, z/w)$
- Can represent Perspective Transform as 4x4 matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/d & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} p_x \\ p_y \\ p_z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} p_x \\ p_y \\ p_z \\ p_z/d \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} d p_x / p_z \\ d p_y / p_z \\ d \\ d \end{bmatrix}$$

## Homogeneous Depth

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/d & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} p_x \\ p_y \\ p_z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} p_x \\ p_y \\ p_z \\ p_z/d \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} d p_x / p_z \\ d p_y / p_z \\ d \\ d \end{bmatrix}$$

- Lose depth information
- Can't get  $d p'_z / p_z = p_z$ 
  - Plus  $x/z, y/z, z$  isn't linear
- Use *Projective Geometry*

# Projective Geometry

- If  $x, y, z$  lie on a plane,  $x/z, y/z, 1/z$  also lie on a plane
- $1/z$  is strictly ordered: if  $z_1 < z_2$ , then  $1/z_1 > 1/z_2$
- New matrix:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} p_x \\ p_y \\ p_z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} p_x \\ p_y \\ 1 \\ p_z \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} p_x/p_z \\ p_y/p_z \\ 1/p_z \end{bmatrix}$$

## Getting Fancy

- Add scale & translate

- Field of view
- near/far range

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & b & c \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} p_x \\ p_y \\ p_z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a p_x \\ a p_y \\ b p_z + c \\ -p_z \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -a p_x / p_z \\ -a p_y / p_z \\ -b - c / p_z \end{bmatrix}$$

- $a = \cot(\text{fieldOfView}/2)$
- Solve for  $n \rightarrow -1$  and  $f \rightarrow 1$ 
  - $b = (n + f)/(n - f)$
  - $c = (2 n f)/(f - n)$

# On Field of View

- Given image dimensions, set distance
  - Camera image sensor and focal length
- Given field of view angle in square window
- Non-square aspect ratio
  - Given horizontal (or vertical) field of view
  - Given diagonal field of view
- Off-center projection
  - Tiled displays
  - Head tracking