Vector Math

CMSC 435/634

- $\vec{u} + \vec{v}$ is a vector
- ightharpoonup $a\vec{u}$ is a vector

$$\vec{u} + \vec{v} = \vec{v} + \vec{u}$$

$$\triangleright (a+b)\vec{u} = a\vec{u} + b\vec{u}$$

$$\vec{u} + \vec{v} + \vec{w} = \vec{u} + (\vec{v} + \vec{w})$$

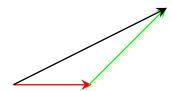


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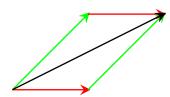


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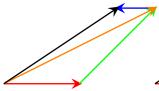
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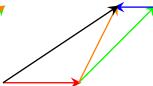
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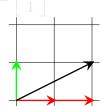
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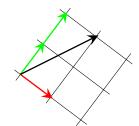
$$\vec{v} = 2\hat{i} + 1\hat{j} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{v} = 1\hat{m} + 2\hat{n} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$



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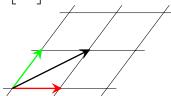
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- ► Column: $\vec{v} = \begin{bmatrix} v^0 \\ v^1 \end{bmatrix}$ (we'll usually use this form)
- ightharpoonup Row: $\vec{v} = \left[\begin{array}{cc} v_0 & v_1 \end{array} \right]$ (some texts; I like for normals)

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Matrices

Matrix:
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a_0^0 & a_1^0 \\ a_0^1 & a_1^1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_j^i \end{bmatrix}$$

► Transpose:
$$A^T = \begin{bmatrix} a_0^0 & a_0^1 \\ a_1^0 & a_1^1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_i^j \end{bmatrix}$$

Multiply:
$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} a_0^0 & a_1^0 \\ a_0^1 & a_1^1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} b_0^0 & b_1^0 \\ b_0^1 & b_1^1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_0^0 b_0^0 + a_1^0 b_0^1 & a_0^0 b_1^0 + a_1^0 b_1^1 \\ a_1^1 b_0^0 + a_1^1 b_1^1 & a_1^1 b_0^0 + a_1^1 b_1^1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_\alpha^i b_\beta^\alpha \end{bmatrix}$$

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- ► Inverse: $A^{-1}A = AA^{-1} = I$
- ▶ Determinant: |A|

$$\begin{vmatrix} a & b & a \\ c & d & a \end{vmatrix} = a|d| - b|c|$$

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$$\begin{vmatrix} a & b & c \\ c & n & i \end{vmatrix} = a \begin{vmatrix} c & i \\ n & i \end{vmatrix} = b \begin{vmatrix} d & i \\ c & n \end{vmatrix} + c \begin{vmatrix} d & c \\ c & n \end{vmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{A^*}{|A|}$$

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Adjoint: $A^* = cof(A)^T$ (matrix of cofactors cof(A))

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Also called inner product

- $\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v}$ is a scalar
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 - $(a\vec{u}) \bullet \vec{v} = a(\vec{u} \bullet \vec{v})$
- $(\vec{u} + \vec{v}) \bullet \vec{w} = \vec{u} \bullet \vec{w} + \vec{v} \bullet \vec{w}$
- $\vec{v} \cdot \vec{v} = \vec{v} > 0$
- $\vec{v} \cdot \vec{v} = 0 \leftrightarrow \vec{v} = \vec{0}$
- Matrix notation: $\vec{u} \bullet \vec{v} = U^T V = u_{\alpha} v^{\alpha}$

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 - ▶ Defines angle θ !
 - $|ec{v}|=1$, gives projection of $ec{u}$ onto $ec{v}$
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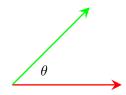
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Orthogonal & Normal

- Orthogonal = perpendicular: $\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v} = 0$
- Normal (this usage) = unit-length: $\vec{u} \bullet \vec{u} = 1$
- Orthonormal: set of vectors both orthogonal and normal
- Orthogonal matrix: rows (& columns) orthonormal

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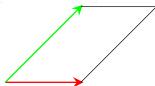
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- ▶ length = area of parallelogram = twice area of triangle ||u|| < |u|| < |u|
- direction = perpendicular to \vec{u} and \vec{v} (right hand rule)

$$\vec{u} \times \vec{v} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} \\ \hat{j} \\ \hat{k} \end{vmatrix} U \quad V \quad = \begin{bmatrix} u^1 v^2 - u^2 v^1 \\ u^2 v^0 - u^0 v^2 \\ u^0 v^1 - u^1 v^0 \end{bmatrix}$$

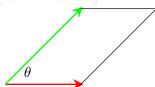
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Vectors **u**, **v**, **w**▶ Gram-Schmidt

 Gram-Schmidt Orthogonalization (any dimension)

 $\mathbf{v}' = \vec{u}'$

 $\triangleright \vec{w}' = \vec{w} - \vec{v}' \frac{\vec{w} \cdot \vec{w}'}{\vec{v}'} - \vec{v}' \frac{\vec{w} \cdot \vec{v}'}{\vec{v}'}$



Vectors \vec{u} , \vec{v} , \vec{w} Gram-Schmidt
Orthogonalization (any dimension)

$$\vec{u}' = \vec{u}$$

$$\triangleright \vec{w}' = \vec{w} - \vec{u}' \frac{\vec{w} \bullet \vec{u}'}{\vec{u}' \bullet \vec{u}'} - \vec{v}' \frac{\vec{w} \bullet \vec{v}'}{\vec{v}' \bullet \vec{v}'}$$



Vectors \vec{u} , \vec{v} , \vec{w} Gram-Schmidt
Orthogonalization (any dimension)

$$\vec{u'} = \vec{u}$$



Vectors \vec{u} , \vec{v} , \vec{w} Gram-Schmidt

Orthogonalization (any dimension)

$$\vec{u'} = \vec{u}$$

$$\vec{v'} = \vec{v} - \hat{u'} \quad (\vec{v} \bullet \hat{u'})$$

 $\qquad \qquad \mathbf{W}' = \vec{\mathbf{W}} - \vec{\mathbf{U}}' \frac{\vec{\mathbf{W}} \bullet \mathbf{U}'}{\vec{\mathbf{U}}' \bullet \vec{\mathbf{U}}'} - \vec{\mathbf{V}}' \frac{\vec{\mathbf{W}} \bullet \mathbf{V}'}{\vec{\mathbf{V}}' \bullet \vec{\mathbf{V}}'}$



Vectors \vec{u} , \vec{v} , \vec{w} Gram-Schmidt

Orthogonalization (any dimension)

$$\vec{v'} = \vec{u}$$

$$\vec{v'} = \vec{v} - \frac{\vec{u'}}{|\vec{u'}|} \left(\vec{v} \bullet \frac{\vec{u'}}{|\vec{u'}|} \right)$$



Vectors \vec{u} , \vec{v} , \vec{w} • Gram-Schmidt Orthogonalization (any dimension)

$$\vec{u'} = \vec{u}$$

$$\vec{v'} = \vec{v} - \vec{u'} \frac{\vec{v} \cdot \vec{u'}}{|\vec{u'}|^2}$$

$$\vec{w'} = \vec{w} - \vec{u'} \frac{\vec{w} \cdot \vec{u'}}{|\vec{u'} \cdot \vec{u'}|} - \vec{v'} \frac{\vec{w} \cdot \vec{v'}}{|\vec{v'} \cdot \vec{v'}|}$$

$$\overrightarrow{w'} = \overrightarrow{w} - \overrightarrow{u'} \frac{\overrightarrow{w} \bullet \overrightarrow{u'}}{\overrightarrow{u'} \bullet \overrightarrow{u'}} - \overrightarrow{v'} \frac{\overrightarrow{w} \bullet \overrightarrow{v'}}{\overrightarrow{v'} \bullet \overrightarrow{v'}}$$



Vectors \vec{u} , \vec{v} , \vec{w} • Gram-Schmidt Orthogonalization (any dimension)

$$\begin{aligned} & \blacktriangleright & \vec{u'} = \vec{u} \\ & \blacktriangleright & \vec{v'} = \vec{v} - \vec{u'} \frac{\vec{v} \bullet \vec{u'}}{\vec{u'} \bullet \vec{u'}} \\ & \blacktriangleright & \vec{w'} = \vec{w} - \vec{u'} \frac{\vec{w} \bullet \vec{u'}}{\vec{u'} \bullet \vec{u'}} - \vec{v'} \frac{\vec{w} \bullet \vec{v'}}{\vec{v'} \bullet \vec{v'}} \end{aligned}$$



Vectors \vec{u} , \vec{v} , \vec{w} Gram-Schmidt

Orthogonalization (any dimension)

$$\vec{v}' = \vec{u}$$

$$\vec{v}' = \vec{v} - \vec{u'} \frac{\vec{v} \bullet \vec{u'}}{\vec{u'} \bullet \vec{u'}}$$

$$\vec{w}' = \vec{w} - \vec{u'} \frac{\vec{w} \bullet \vec{u'}}{\vec{v}' \bullet \vec{u'}} - \vec{v'} \frac{\vec{w} \bullet \vec{v'}}{\vec{v'} \bullet \vec{v'}}$$



Vectors \vec{u} , \vec{v} , \vec{w} • Gram-Schmidt Orthogonalization (any dimension)

$$\vec{v}' = \vec{u}$$

$$\vec{v}' = \vec{v} - \vec{u}' \frac{\vec{v} \cdot \vec{u}'}{\vec{u}' \cdot \vec{v} \cdot \vec{u}'}$$

$$\vec{w}' = \vec{w} - \vec{u}' \frac{\vec{w} \cdot \vec{u}'}{\vec{u}' \cdot \vec{v} \cdot \vec{u}'} - \vec{v}' \frac{\vec{w} \cdot \vec{v}'}{\vec{v}' \cdot \vec{v}'}$$

$$\vec{w'} = \vec{w} - \vec{u'} \frac{\vec{w} \cdot \vec{u'}}{\vec{u'} \cdot \vec{u'}} - \vec{v'} \frac{\vec{w} \cdot \vec{v'}}{\vec{v'} \cdot \vec{v'}}$$



Vectors \vec{u} , \vec{v} , \vec{w} • Gram-Schmidt

Orthogonalization (any dimension)

$$\vec{v'} = \vec{u}$$

$$\vec{v'} = \vec{v} - \vec{u'} \frac{\vec{v} \bullet \vec{u}}{\vec{u'} \bullet \vec{u}}$$

$$\vec{u'} = \vec{u}$$

$$\vec{v'} = \vec{v} - \vec{u'} \frac{\vec{v} \cdot \vec{u'}}{\vec{u'} \cdot \vec{v'}}$$

$$\vec{w'} = \vec{w} - \vec{u'} \frac{\vec{w} \cdot \vec{u'}}{\vec{u'} \cdot \vec{u'}} - \vec{v'} \frac{\vec{w} \cdot \vec{v'}}{\vec{v'} \cdot \vec{v'}}$$

$$\vec{u'} = \vec{u}$$

$$\vec{v}' = \vec{w} \times \vec{u}$$

$$\mathbf{w}' = \mathbf{u}' \times \mathbf{v}'$$



Vectors \vec{u} , \vec{v} , \vec{w} • Gram-Schmidt Orthogonalization (any dimension)

$$\vec{v}' = \vec{u}$$

$$\vec{v}' = \vec{v} - \vec{u'} \frac{\vec{v} \bullet \vec{u'}}{\vec{u'} \bullet \vec{u'}}$$

$$\vec{w}' = \vec{w} - \vec{u'} \frac{\vec{w} \bullet \vec{u'}}{\vec{v'} \bullet \vec{u'}} - \vec{v'} \frac{\vec{w} \bullet \vec{v'}}{\vec{v'} \bullet \vec{v'}}$$

$$\vec{w'} = \vec{w} - \vec{u'} \frac{\vec{w} \cdot \vec{u'}}{\vec{u'} \cdot \vec{u'}} - \vec{v'} \frac{\vec{w} \cdot \vec{v'}}{\vec{v'} \cdot \vec{v'}}$$

$$\vec{u'} = \vec{u}$$

$$\vec{v}' = \vec{w} \times \vec{u'}$$

$$\mathbf{v}' = \vec{u'} \times \vec{v'}$$



Vectors \vec{u} , \vec{v} , \vec{w} • Gram-Schmidt

- Orthogonalization (any dimension)

 - $\vec{v}' = \vec{u}$ $\vec{v}' = \vec{v} \vec{u'} \frac{\vec{v} \bullet \vec{u'}}{\vec{u'} \bullet \vec{u'}}$ $\vec{w}' = \vec{w} \vec{u'} \frac{\vec{w} \bullet \vec{u'}}{\vec{v'} \bullet \vec{u'}} \vec{v'} \frac{\vec{w} \bullet \vec{v'}}{\vec{v'} \bullet \vec{v'}}$
- Cross-product (3D only)
 - $\vec{u'} = \vec{u}$
 - $\vec{v}' = \vec{w} \times \vec{u'}$



Vectors \vec{u} , \vec{v} , \vec{w} • Gram-Schmidt

- Orthogonalization (any dimension)

 - $\vec{v}' = \vec{u}$ $\vec{v}' = \vec{v} \vec{u'} \frac{\vec{v} \bullet \vec{u'}}{\vec{u'} \bullet \vec{u'}}$ $\vec{w}' = \vec{w} \vec{u'} \frac{\vec{w} \bullet \vec{u'}}{\vec{v'} \bullet \vec{u'}} \vec{v'} \frac{\vec{w} \bullet \vec{v'}}{\vec{v'} \bullet \vec{v'}}$
- Cross-product (3D only)
 - $\vec{u}' = \vec{u}$
 - $\vec{v'} = \vec{w} \times \vec{u'}$
 - $\vec{w'} = \vec{u'} \times \vec{v'}$



Vectors \vec{u} , \vec{v} , \vec{w} • Gram-Schmidt

- Orthogonalization (any dimension)

 - $\vec{v}' = \vec{u}$ $\vec{v}' = \vec{v} \vec{u'} \frac{\vec{v} \bullet \vec{u'}}{\vec{u'} \bullet \vec{u'}}$ $\vec{w}' = \vec{w} \vec{u'} \frac{\vec{w} \bullet \vec{u'}}{\vec{v'} \bullet \vec{u'}} \vec{v'} \frac{\vec{w} \bullet \vec{v'}}{\vec{v'} \bullet \vec{v'}}$
- Cross-product (3D only)
 - $\vec{u}' = \vec{u}$
 - $\vec{v'} = \vec{w} \times \vec{u'}$
 - $\vec{w'} = \vec{u'} \times \vec{v'}$

