

# Modeling

CMSC 435/634

# Modeling?

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Creating a *model* of an object, usually out of a collection of simpler *primitives*

## Primitive

A basic shape handled directly the rendering system

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# Primitives

## Some common primitives

- ▶ Triangles & Polygons
  - ▶ Most common, usually the only choice for interactive
- ▶ Patches, Spheres, Cylinders, ...
  - ▶ RenderMan has these
  - ▶ Often converted to simpler primitives within the renderer
- ▶ Volumes
  - ▶ What's at each point in space?
  - ▶ Often with some transparent material
  - ▶ Few renderers handle both volume & surface models



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## Composing primitives

- ▶ Collections of large numbers of primitives
  - ▶ Sometimes called Boundary Representation (*BRep*)
- ▶ Constructive Solid Geometry (*CSG*)
  - ▶ Set operations (union, intersection, difference)
- ▶ Implicit Models & Blobs
  - ▶ Surface where  $f(x,y,z)=0$
  - ▶ Sum, product, etc. of simpler functions



## Composing primitives

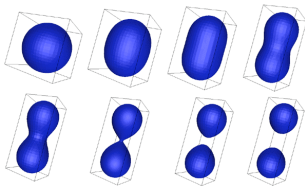
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Images: Friedrich Lohmueller

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Images: Paul Bourke

## Modeling Approaches

Manual primitive creation

Procedural

Scan from physical object

From data (visualization)

Through image capture (image-based rendering)

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Manual primitive creation

Procedural

Fractals

Implicit Functions

Grammars

Simulations

Scan from physical object

From data (visualization)

Through image capture (image-based rendering)

## Manual Creation

- ▶ Text editor
- ▶ High-level primitives
- ▶ Modeling programs



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# Procedural Modeling

- ▶ Describe physical attributes through some (spatial) function
  - ▶ Shape
  - ▶ Density
  - ▶ Color
  - ▶ Texture

## Procedural Approaches

- ▶ Fractals
- ▶ Implicit Functions
- ▶ Grammars
- ▶ Simulations

# Fractals

Complex structure through self-similarity across scales

- ▶ Iterated equations
- ▶ Iterated replacement
- ▶ Spectral Synthesis

# Iterated Equations / Mandelbrot Set

$$p' = p^2 + c$$

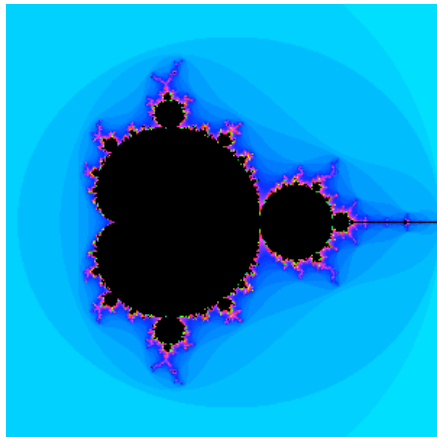
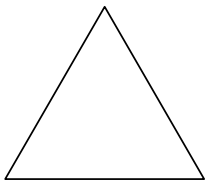
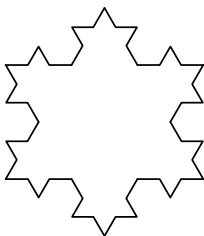
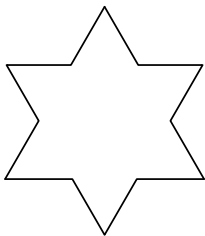


Image: David E. Joyce

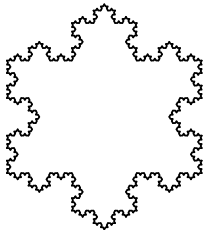
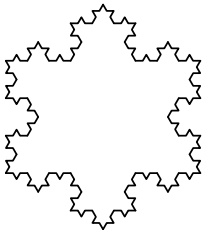
# Iterated Replacement / Koch Curve



Initiator

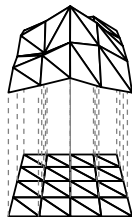
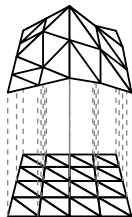
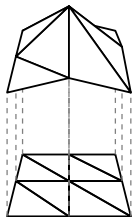
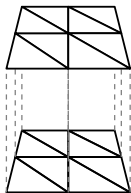
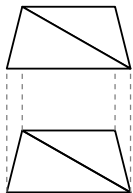
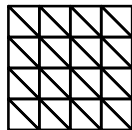
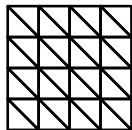
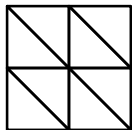
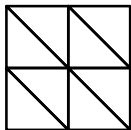
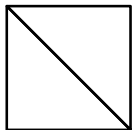


Generator



# Iterated Replacement / Mountains

Randomness in replacement



## Spectral Synthesis

- ▶ Spectral energy a function of frequency
  - ▶ Higher frequency, less energy
  - ▶ Characterizes roughness of surface
  - ▶ Natural phenomena tend to be  $1/f$



## Noise-Based Synthesis

- ▶ Band-limited *Perlin noise* function
  - ▶ Most energy between 1/2 and 1 cycle per unit
  - ▶ Average value is 0
  - ▶ Random, but repeatable
  - ▶ 1D, 2D, 3D & 4D versions common
- ▶ Sum noise *octaves*
  - ▶  $n(x) + \frac{1}{2} n(2x) + \frac{1}{4} n(4x) + \dots$
  - ▶ Stop adding “...” when frequency is too high to see

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## Fractal Landscape

Landscape height is a fractal function of  $x,y$

- ▶ Plus whatever embellishments make it look good



Image: Ken Musgrave

# Multifractal

- ▶ Change roughness across fractal
  - ▶ Scaling ( $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \dots$ ) becomes a function
- ▶ Here, scale is a function of altitude

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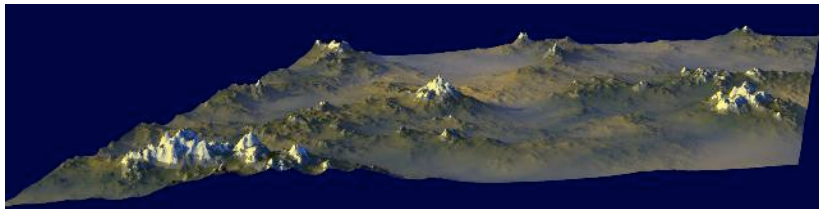
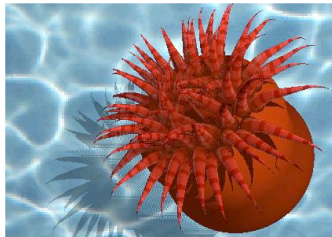


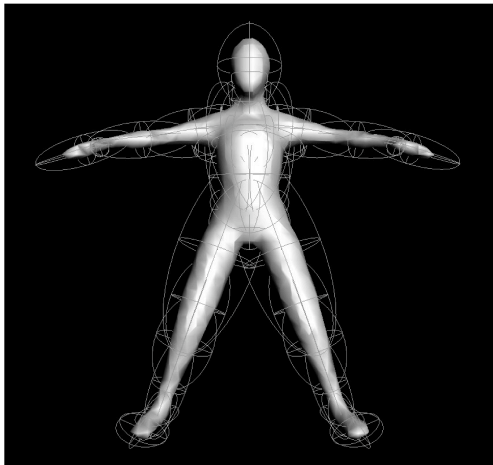
Image: Ken Musgrave

# Implicit Functions

- ▶ Model as sum of implicit functions
- ▶ Surface at threshold



Liang, et al., PG'01



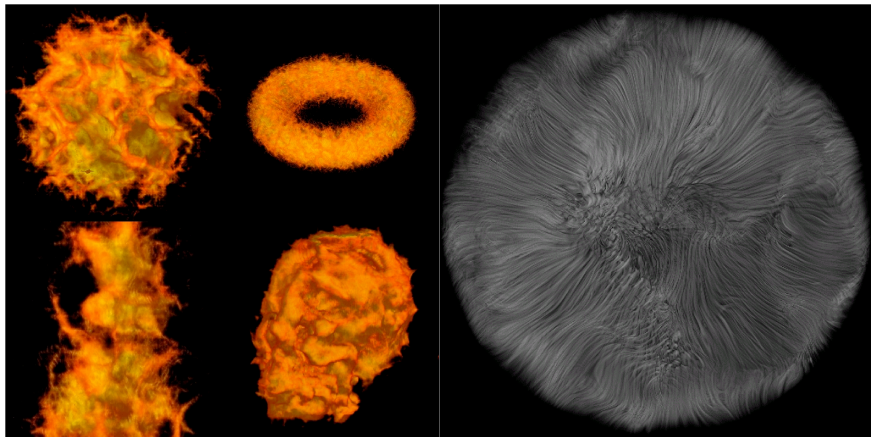
## Hybrid Implicit & Polygonal



Bloomenthal, SIGGRAPH 85

# Hypertexture

- ▶ Add noise or turbulence to functions





## Grammar-Based Modeling

- ▶ Use (mostly) context-free grammars (CFG) to specify structural change over generations
- ▶ Often used to simulate a biological growth process
  - ▶ Plants
  - ▶ Seashells
- ▶ L-systems (Lindenmeyer)

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## Context-Free Grammar

- ▶ A CFG  $G = (V, T, S, P)$  where
  - ▶  $V$  is a set of non-terminals
  - ▶  $T$  is a set of terminals
  - ▶  $S$  is the start symbol
  - ▶  $P$  is a set of productions (rules) of the form:
    - ▶  $A \rightarrow x$ , where  $A \in V, x \in (V \cup T)^*$

## Applying Grammar Rules

- Symbols

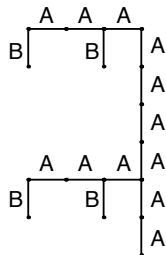
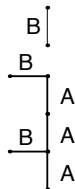
- $A, B$ , straight line segments
- $[ ]$ , branch left  $90^\circ$

- Rules

- $B \rightarrow A[B]AA[B]$
- $A \rightarrow AA$

- Strings

- $B$
- $A[B]AA[B]$
- $AA[A[B]AA[B]]AAAA[A[B]AA[B]]$



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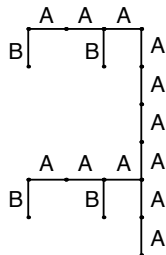
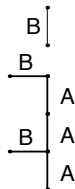
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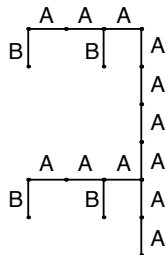
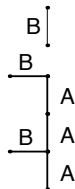
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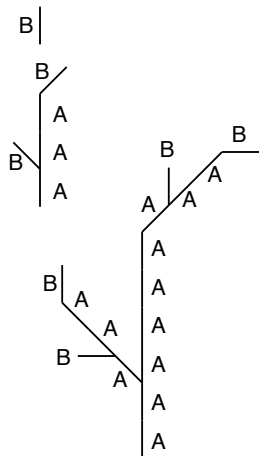
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- $( )$ , branch right  $45^\circ$

### ► Rules

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- $A \rightarrow AA$

### ► Strings

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- $A[B]AA(B)$
- $AA[A[B]AA(B)]AAAA(A[B]AA(B))$





## Applying Grammar Rules

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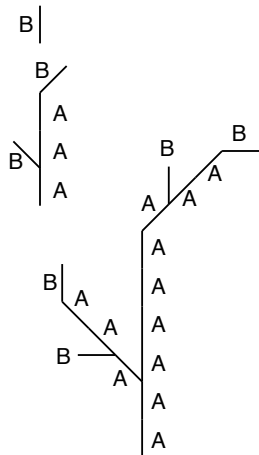
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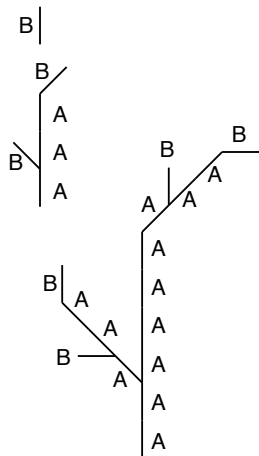
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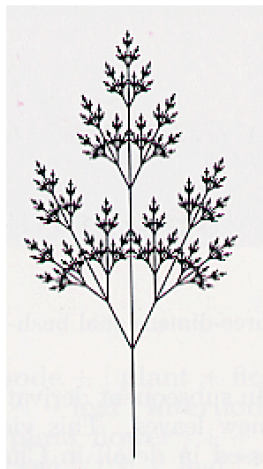
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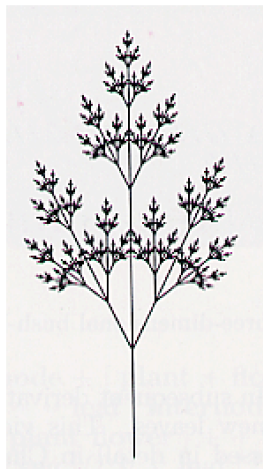
## L-System Examples

- ▶ Symbols
  - ▶  $[/]$  = push/pop
  - ▶  $+/-$  = rotate left/right
  - ▶  $A - Z$  = straight segment
- ▶ Rules
  - ▶  $25.7^\circ$ , 7 generations
  - ▶  $X \rightarrow F[+X][-X]FX$
  - ▶  $F \rightarrow FF$



## L-System Examples

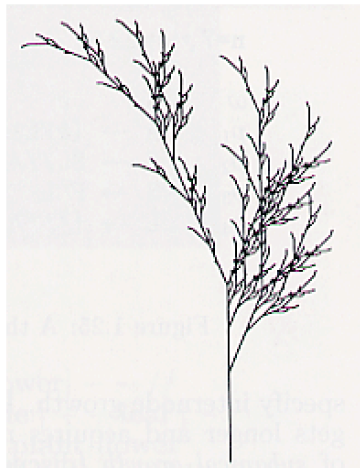
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## L-System Examples

### ► Rules

- $22.5^\circ$ , 5 generations
- $X \rightarrow F - [[X] + X] + F [+FX] - X$
- $F \rightarrow FF$



## L-System Examples

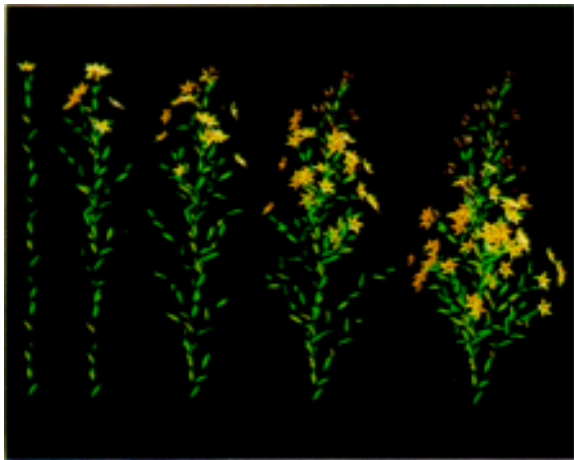
- ▶ Rules

- ▶  $22.5^\circ$ , 4 generations
- ▶  $F \rightarrow FF - [F + F + F] +$   
 $[+F - F - F]$



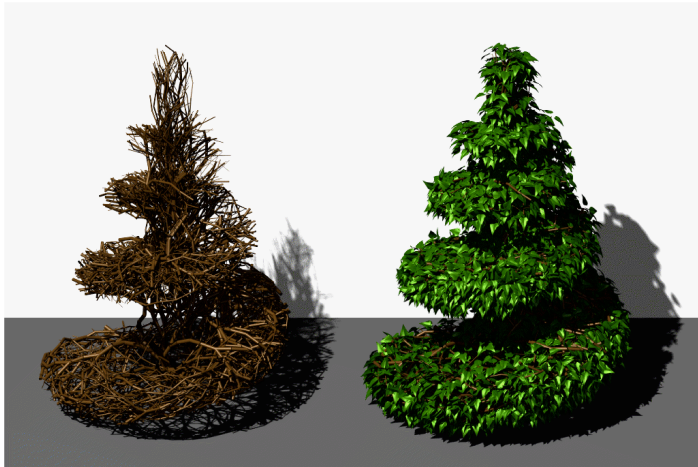
## Additions

- ▶ 3D structure
- ▶ Randomness
- ▶ Leaves
- ▶ Flowers



Prusinkiewicz, et al., SIGGRAPH 88

# Pruning



Prusinkiewicz, et al., SIGGRAPH 94



# Pruning



Prusinkiewicz, et al., SIGGRAPH 94

# Simulations

- ▶ Biological
  - ▶ Simulate growth, development
- ▶ Physical
  - ▶ Simulate formation or erosion

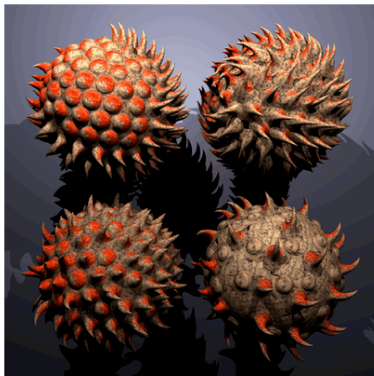
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## Biological Simulations



Fowler, et al., SIGGRAPH 92



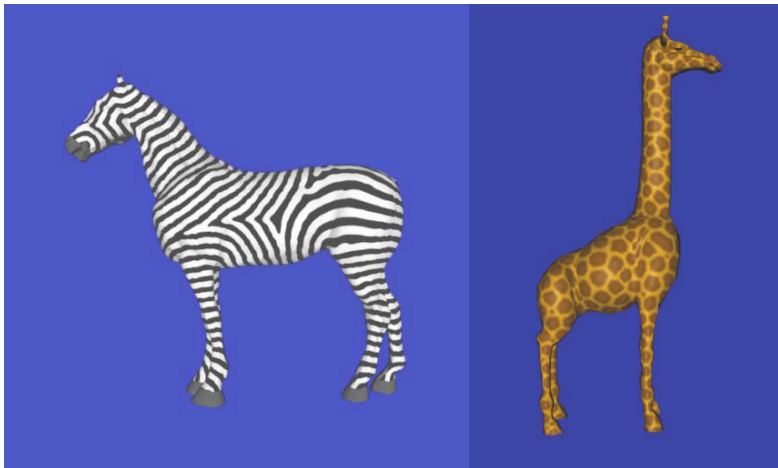
Fleischer, et al., SIGGRAPH 95

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Fowler, et al., SIGGRAPH 92

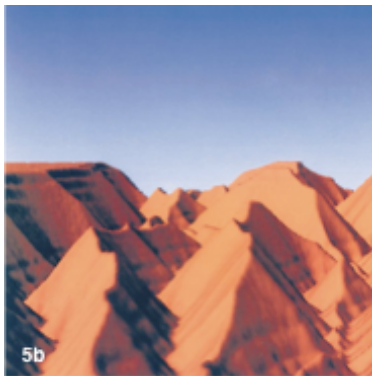
## Biological Simulations



Turk, SIGGRAPH 91

# Physical Simulation

- ▶ Erosion, Deposition



Kenji Nagashima, Visual Computer 1997

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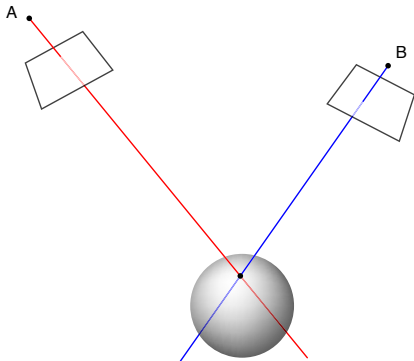
## Scan from Objects

- ▶ General concept
  - ▶ Find points on surface
  - ▶ Connect into mesh
- ▶ Mechanical
- ▶ Triangulation
  - ▶ Laser
  - ▶ Structured Light
  - ▶ Multiple Cameras
- ▶ CAT scan / MRI



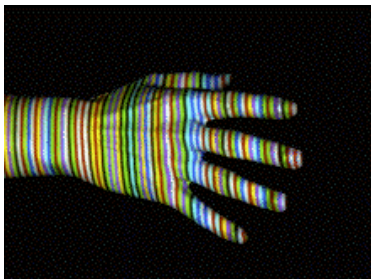
## Triangulation

- ▶ Point in space at intersection of ray from A and ray from B

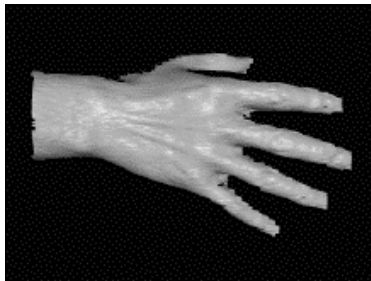


## Structured Light

- ▶ Point in space at intersection of color edge from light source/projector and ray through camera pixel



projected pattern



resulting model

Zhang, Curless and Seitz, 3DPVT 2002

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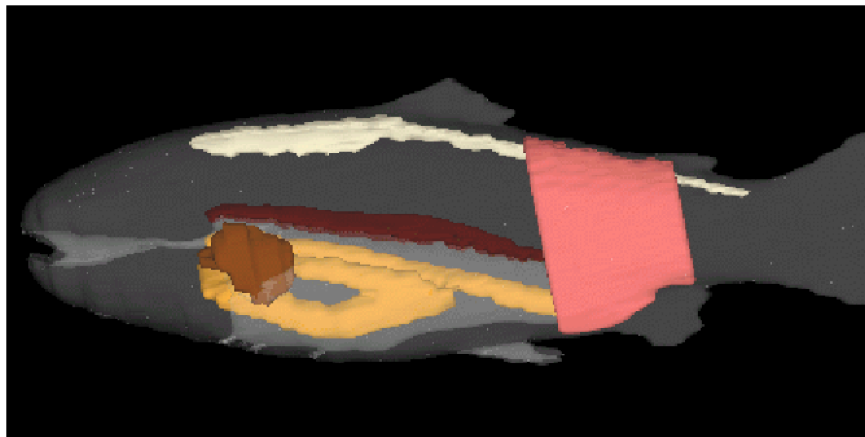
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  - ▶ measurements
  - ▶ simulation
  - ▶ information
- ▶ Present visually
  - ▶ Increase understanding
  - ▶ Recognize patterns

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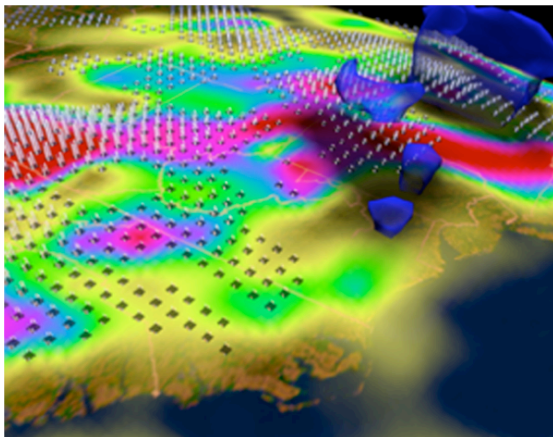
- ▶ Can be 3D Object





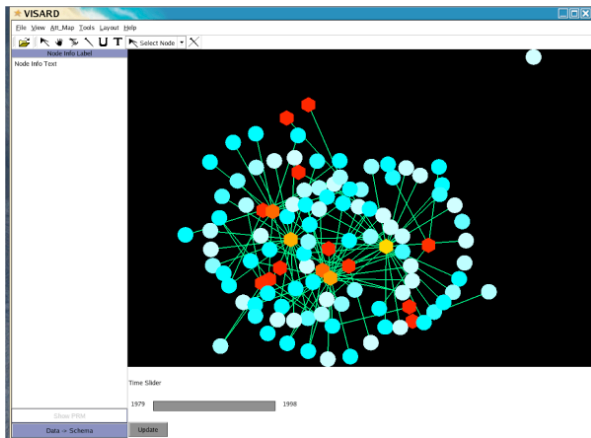
## Visualization

- ▶ Can be 3D, but showing non-visual aspects.



# Visualization

- ▶ Can be not traditionally geometric at all



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## Image-based Rendering

- ▶ Pixels in one or more cameras
  - ▶ Color of point in space
  - ▶ Color of light along one ray
- ▶ IBR
  - ▶ Construct new *novel* view using only image data

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